

An Unexpected Turn in a Case of Septic Shock Following Bladder Cancer Therapy

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Patient Presentation

CC: 85-year-old male presents to hospital with confusion, chills, and lower urinary tract symptoms

Past Medical History:

- **T1 high-grade urothelial carcinoma treated with TURBT and intra-vesical BCG (2 doses)**
 - Chronic kidney disease
 - Dyslipidemia

Hospital Course

Triage Vitals: BP 80/50 mmHg, HR 118 bpm, T40.1°C

ICU Admission

Piperacillin-Tazobactam + Norepinephrine

Investigations

Urine cultures, blood cultures x2 – no growth
Chest X-Ray normal
Creatinine 230, ALT 75, ALP 140, Bilirubin 4

Sepsis with no clear source:

1. Severity of sepsis
2. Negative pan-cultures
3. Difficult catheterization with recent intravesical-BCG treatment

Possible BCGosis

Diagnostic testing:

- Blood and urine smear for AFB
- Blood and urine mycobacterial culture

Empiric treatment:

- Rifampin, Isoniazid, Pyridoxine in consultation with ID

Case Resolution

- Discharged to rehab on empiric therapy.
- Developed Drug induced Liver Injury (ALT 371), empiric therapy put on hold.
- 2-weeks post discharge re-admitted with hypercapnic respiratory failure and septic shock, and passed away despite appropriate management.
- **Urine culture grew *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex, speciating to *Mycobacterium bovis* BCG**

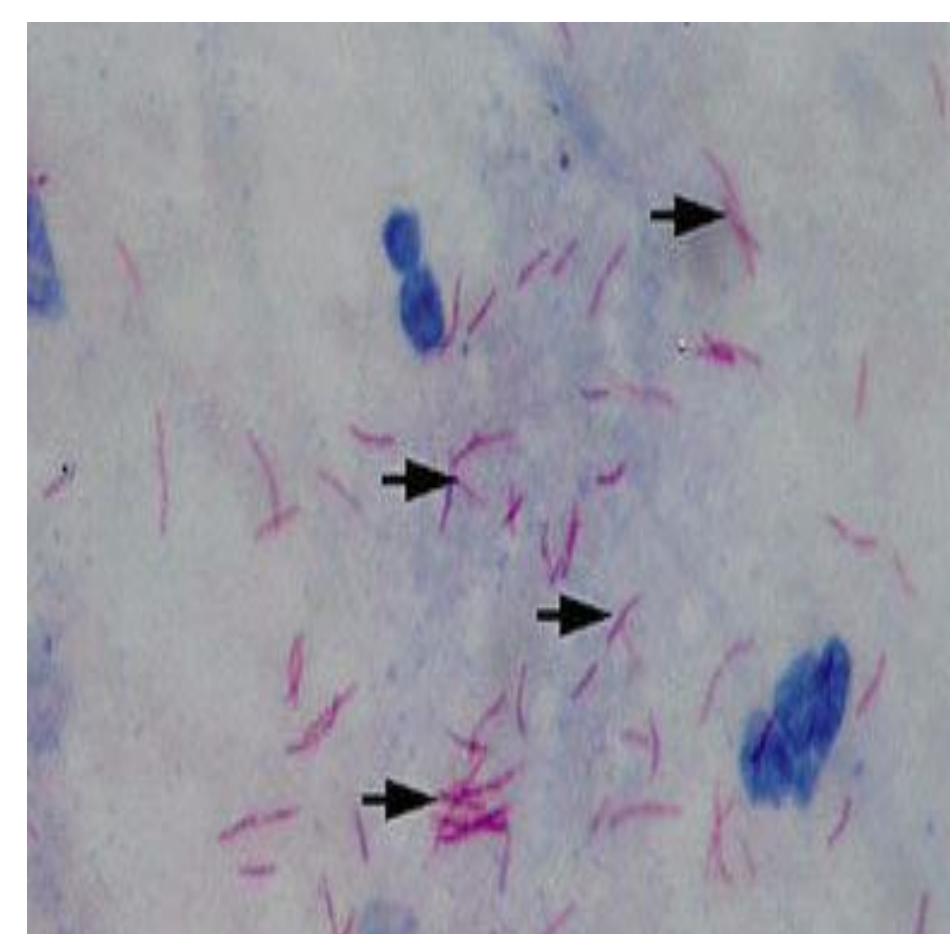


Figure 1. AFB Smear

Discussion

BCGOSIS

BCG, a live attenuated vaccine created from *Mycobacterium bovis*, is commonly used intravesically as an immune therapy in non-muscle invasive bladder carcinoma.

Local complications from intra-vesical BCG therapy lower urinary tract symptoms are common.

Whereas systemic complications stemming from disseminated BCG infection (BCGosis) are rare but severe including granulomatous pneumonia, hepatitis, bone marrow involvement, and sepsis causing multi-organ failure.



RISK FACTORS

- Traumatic urinary catheterization
- Recent TURBT
- Urinary tract infection
- Hematuria
- Immunosuppressive therapy

BCGosis can present either acutely or months to years after treatment.

OpenAI. ChatGPT. OpenAI, 2025, <https://chat.openai.com/>.

Take Home Points

1. BCGosis is a rare complication of intra-vesical BCG treatment that can present as organ dysfunction and septic shock.
2. It is critical to keep BCGosis on the list of differential diagnosis for patients with recent or remote intra-vesical BCG treatment.

Acknowledgements



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- Daniel Teitelbaum – No Conflicts to Disclose
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